## THE <br> PIDEER

The Thomas II. Firce Corporation Prcens




## The THOMAS H.INCE CORPORATION presents



## SINCERITY Keynote of Present Day Exploitation

HE STANDARDS of picture-selling are higher than they used to be. Just as the screen itself appeals to audiences of growing discrimination, so does screen exploitation improve. For one thing, the abuse of superlatives (an heritage of circus bill-posting days) is being abandoned. Over-use of superlatives tends to destroy a distinction that should be maintained in film productions and all other things.

The billboards of today show a very changed tone compared to those of past years -a keen, adroit psychology supplanting that pale, overworked drudge, the superlative.

Truth has an inscrutable way of revealing itself and our great industry is learning that the one sure test of exploitation is-

## —its SINCERITY!

That is why picture-selling standards are finer than they used to be. Playing with words is especially unnecessary in this array of the attractions in "Playing With Souls."
"Playing With Souls" has unusually responsive exploitation values.
It is a box-office picture, of the hard-to-find sort, yet withal sincere entertainment.

# The Story ina Nutshell 

MATHEW DALE, New York millionaire, pursues dollars while his wife, Amy Dale, pursues pleasure. So their kiddie, little Mat, at the age of four really knows neither of his parents. It is then they separate, sending him to a boys' school in France.

The years pass, Mat feeling keenly his parents' neglect. Amy leads a frivolous life in London. Dale is buried in big business. Mat, approaching manhood, falls in love with lovely Margo Florian.

While courting Margo, cruel suspicion convinces Mat that his lifelong isolation from his parents is to hide a chapter of shame in their past. In sorrow he resolves to blot out his own life in dissipation.

At an elite Paris cafe, Mat meets Bricotte, a petite but shameless cabaret girl. She charms him. He spends his money riotously.

About this time, Amy comes to Paris in quest of beauty treatment. Dale also comes from America. On his arrival at the office of Potin, his Paris banker, Dale is confronted by Mat who, of course, does not recognize his father. Sick at heart to find his son becoming a cad and angered at a bit of insolence, Dale floors him.
The boy gets up smiling and offers his hand. Then Dale thrills in the knowledge that his son is worth reclaiming and resolves to undertake the task. He introduces himself as "John Kester," saying he is an associate of the father, and gains a place in Mat's friendship.

The pair fare forth into Montmartre night life. To save his boy from a disastrous infatuation with Bricotte, Dale "cuts him out" by attracting Bricotte with his wealth.

Dale deliberately showers presents on Bricotte, then arranges to entertain her in his apartment knowing that Mat will arrive before Bricotte leaves.

Dale's plans succeed admirably. Bricotte drinks heavily, boasts that she has a beautiful foot in spite of tight shoes worn by women, and pulls off one stocking to prove it as Mat enters the room.
The boy is furiously angry. He sees Bricotte as she really is, and believes his father's "friend" has double-crossed him and taken his girl.


Mat soundly berates Bricotte, then his father, and turns in anger and leaves.

Mat is now thoroughly angered at the seeming duplicity of his only friend, and determines to have his fling regardless of consequences. He sinks lower and lower, making the rounds from one place of sin to another.


While in an elaborate gambling hall he loses his last franc, and is befriended by an overdressed woman who is having much luck at roulette. She is attracted to the handsome youth, and he is desperate. She loans him money, which he promptly loses. They leave the gambling hall and go to a balcony room where a flirtation is in progress when Mat's father appears.

Dale hears his boy's voice and goes to the balcony room, confronting his exwife and their boy. There is a tense scene, the mother frightened at the sudden appearance of her former husband, the boy again furious for his friend's interference in his affairs.

Dale finally manages to get Mat back to the roulette wheel. Then he faces his former wife, and in no uncertain terms tells her that she has been flirting with
her own son, over whom he is watching in Paris. The woman is stunned. She rushes from the gambling hall in a panic, after Dale has warned her that she is not fit to associate with her boy, and that she is never to see him again.

Mat comes back to the balcony and thinking "Kester" has double-crossed him a second time, departs in anger. But Dale finds him once more, this time in a low dive where Mat has forged his father's name on a check.

Dale remonstrates with Mat, and tries to tell him what a serious thing he has done, that he has committed forgery and might be severely punished for it.

Mat, however, cares nothing for any possible punishment. He is determined to drink the dregs from his bitter cup. Deserted by his father and mother, as he believes, and unworthy of the love of the girl he really cares for, he decides to end it all.

Dale tears up the check and pays the bill. He intends to take Mat away with him, and try and reason with the frantic boy. As he turns to leave the dive, he finds that Mat has dashed out. The father follows the boy through the streets of Paris, and to the embankment of the Seine river, where Mat leaps from a bridge into the icy waters below.

Dale plunges in after him, and with difficulty rescues Mat. He tells him he is his own father, believing that Mat had learned to really like the man he knows to be "Kester" his father's friend.

On the contrary the boy spurns his father, curses him roundly for the deception, and half delirious is taken to a hospital where he comes near death from pneumonia.

Dale takes Margo to the hospital and the two are united again. Love welds the old attachment, and brings about the recovery of Mat, who finally sees the light and forgives his father.

They are married at a beautiful church ceremony. Amy learns of the match and deeply repentant, secretly watches the ceremony from a pew. But Dale spies her. As the honeymoon carriage bears the happy bride and bridegroom away, the older lives of Dale and Amy flow together again.


## He did Know was his Mother/ tones of a man's voice mingled with the

 whirr of a grinding camera and the sputter of lights.It was Director Ralph Ince and his troupe, hidden away in a corner of Stage 2 on the Ince lot, filming some of the most poignant scenes in "Playing With Souls."

These were the scenes in which a frivolous mother, mysteriously attracted to a strange youth, was smitten with the tragic truth that he was her own son!

The pictures on this page, as well as still pictures can, depict the mother in her first moment of interest in this handsome youth as he wagered and lost his last franc note at the roulette wheel.

As he was about to depart, she offered him money.

He hesitated. She could see that. He was not a man accustomed to accept money from a woman. But there was desperation in his eyes.

So they went to a quiet table on a balcony. The woman ordered. The silent footed waiter stole away.

Presently the curtains parted and there stood a figure more startling than any apparition. It was-

## -the boy's FATHER!

The father (Clive Brook) knew the boy was his son. That was why he was giving these nights in Paris to watchfulness. He was guarding this desperate youth, saving him from predicaments of his mad folly.
The boy knew neither the gray-haired and kindly man as his father, nor the gaudy and perfumed woman as his mother. But he noted, narrowly, that they recognized one another. Old friends, they told him. But he did not dream that they were divorced man and wife - his own people.
It was then that careless, selfish, shallow, pitiful Amy Dale received the blow that knocked all the gay impulses she ever had from her silly be-wigged head forever. She learned that the winsome, neglected youth that had so attracted her, was-
-her SON! The baby she once loved and cherished.

Here is a situation seldom equalled on the screen. It is drama-drama in its


Young Mat learns that his elderly and watchful companion, whose gentle advice he had so often scorned, is none other than his own father, yet not at all the cold, unfeeling parent he had created in his childhood imaginings.

The curtains part and the father stands looking into the room, stern and forbidding.

A frightened glance from the mother, who appears to be about to faint. A look of disgust from the son, who thinks his father's friend, as his own parent is known to him, is snooping about following him again.
It is the "big scene." It is the tense moment when ANYTHING can happen.
That was what was going on behind that wall of sets on Stage 2. The actors were laboring to give all that their own souls would yield up, to pour into this tremendous episode every utmost measure and shade of emphasis and meaning.

The people who walked to and fro on the stage on the other side of that wall of sets, a few feet from the table where these people acted and where their director
leaned over them and adjured them and the violin shrilled and sobbed-those people on the other side were thousands of miles away from the little group hidden so close to them.

The sound of carpenters' hammers was not heard.

Voices fell on unheeding ears.
The murmur of conversation meant nothing to the tense actors in this little drama, as they forgot everything but the important work at hand.

Even the streamlets of California sunlight that sent its bright shafts through rips in the diffuser curtains overhead were not noticed.
They were in a world apart from the busy, hammering, whistling studio on the other side of that wall of canvas.

This was Paris-wicked Paris, by night.

## 3 WILD PARIS CAFES

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A fashionable gambling hall patronized by modish women and distinguished men is the fated spot where Mat meets his mother． At a balcony overlooking the tables occurs the pathetic episode where he jests over a wine glass with this woman he believes to be a stranger．

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A wicked but picturesque Apache dive，where young Dale descends in his mad resolve to ruin himself．Bricotte finds him here and she fights savagely with another cafe girl who，she sus pects，has supplanted her in the rich youth＇s fancy．
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The Dead Duck Cafe is a fas． cinating background to much in－ tense dramatic action．In this gay Montmartre resort，Mat Dale （Buster Collier）meets Bricotte （Jacqueline Logan）the butter－ fly，and is saved from a danger－ ous infatuation for the dancer by his watchful father（Clive Brook）

 pleasure palaces which have made the name of the Montmartre known around the world.

Besides the atmospheric allure, a startling fight scene of stark realism occurs in one of the cafes-an Apache dive.
Jacqueline Logan, as Bricotte, maddened by jealousy, makes a bitter fight to regain the favor of her lost lover, young Dale.

This battle of hearts is beyond question a directorial achievement. As to the acting, it was too nearly actual to be classed as pantomime.

Miss Logan's gown was ripped from her body in the fight. She was scratched and bruised so badly that a physician was sum-
moned to her dressing room after the fracas.

Her adversary, a high-caste Spanish lady of romantic career who appears in the films as "Carmen DeBlasco," was likewise injured in the realistic fight. No fan who sees this great scene will ever ask: "Do they really fight in the pictures?"

Besides this realistic scene in the Apache dive, there are two other wondrous settings portraying Paris night life. One is the Dead Duck Cafe, a very elegant cafe and

dance hall, where lightly-clad dancing girls entertain while Parisians dine and dance.

The third cafe scene shows huge gambling rooms, attached to a favorite resort of Paris. Here the night life is at its most hectic stage. Women in elaborate gowns and men in evening clothes are seen playing for high stakes, with great excitement everywhere. In this scene, and in the rooms adjoining, comes one of the big dramatic "punches" of the story, where the Boy and his divorced father and mother meet, the Boy in the midst of a flirtation with his own mother, and not knowing either his father or mother.

Such are the wild Paris cafes in "Playing With Souls."

# Some or Best Reasons Why 

_-AMERICA'S TASTE in motion picture entertainment follows so closely America's taste in fiction, which in turn parallels American life is:

ACTION and LOTS of it!
This is the observation of a critic on the Los Angeles Daily News, who goes on to say:
"The fact that patrons of picture palaces who, having had opportunity to express their individual opinions, have voted heavily for melodrama bears this out. What contains more action than melodrama?"

The abundance of melodramatic action in Countess de Chambrun's surprising manuscript of continental life won its success as a widely read novel. (Scribner's)

Countess de Chambrun knew her characters. Before her marriage, she was Clara Longworth, a sister of Congressman Nick

Longworth, staunch Republican "whip" in the House, and a member of the Longworth family of Ohio whose scions for generations have been conspicuous in diplomatic and political circles. So the authoress had a compelling realism at her command.

Now, in the C. Gardner Sullivan screen version, with the clear-cut directorial treatment of Ralph Ince, "Playing With Souls" has become an even more rousing story of American life in the world's capital of gayety-Paris.

Not a story forbidding in its imposing splendor of scenes and action. Rather, a story that invites thought and sympathy and one that certainly offers innumerable exploitation angles.

The box-office is the goal of exploitation. That is why exhibitors always are interested in the question: "What is the greatest box-office theme ever attempted?"

Sex? No. Character Study? It doesn't pay. Reform? Loud laughs. Romance, adventure? Sometimes. MOTHER PICTURES? Yes, always!

But "Playing With Souls" is more than a "mother picture." It has all the lure of sex drama in its glittering galaxy of gold, gowns, girls and gayety.

It has adventure appeal in the passionate quest of a youth maddened by hunger for mother love, for father love, instead of dollars.
"Playing With Souls" has all the finery of society drama, without the limitations of drawing room plot.

It is FATHER-MOTHER-SON drama, embracing the greatest theme of the screen, packed with melodramatic thrills.

Those are some of the best reasons why "Playing With Souls" is destined to make a hit with America's motion picture taste.



# Collier Trummphs asGilded Youth 

BUSTER COLLIER as Mat Dale is the pawn with which his parents gamble in "Playing With Souls." Therefore, the story revolves about him and gives to this rising young artist one of the most forceful roles of his interesting career.

Among connoisseurs of acting talent, Collier is regarded as one of the most promising figures on the screen today. He is a hard worker, consistent, intensely earnest and of a personality as wholesome as it is vigorous.

But "Buster's" success is by no means all ahead of him. Young though he is, he is a seasoned trouper and well-known and popular enough with a wide fan following to be a real drawing card in any theater. His name on the cast adds exploitation value to any picture.

Buster comes from a theatrical family, and his talents are rightly inherited. His father is William Collier, the celebrated comedian. Buster was born and educated
in New York City, and his stage career began when he was still a boy. He played in "Caught in The Rain," "Who's Who," "Never Say Die" and other stage successes before leaving the footlights for the Kleigs.

Since entering pictures Buster has met with unusual success. He appeared with success in "Secrets of Paris," "Enemies of Women," "Loyal Lives," "Fool's Highway," and many other important pictures, and now finds the greatest role of his career as the Gilded Youth in "Playing With Souls," the new Thomas H. Ince Corporation-First National offering.

In "Playing With Souls," the "gilded youth" is a headstrong fledgling who sees the lights and shadows of life in heavy contrasts; his woe is complete and effacing when he becomes wrongly convinced that he is nameless; and his almost savage plunge into a mad pleasure world gives to the screen role a peculiar emphasis. The role fits Collier. It is positive, emphatic.

There is another audience "pull" in

Collier's ingeniously constructed role, which can be explained by stating the oftheard saying that in the emotional life of every young man and every girl there comes two loves.

One love is wholesome, pure, elevating. The other is withering, devastating. Young Mat Dale tastes these two loves, bitter and sweet, in "Playing With Souls."

Bricotte, "sweetheart of the Montmartre," is the blast of passion in Mat's youthful despair. Jacqueline Logan is Bricotte and never has she appeared more piquantly alluring. In poise, expression and temperament, Miss Logan strikes a high dramatic note.

The balm that heals wounds of sorrow is the pure love of a good woman. Margo Florian is good. She is magnetic, too. Mary Astor as the true sweetheart is a warm glow that re-kindles the fire of hope in the boy's breast.

This is the emotional setting in which Buster Collier triumphs as a gilded youth.

THE ONE SINCERE and important function of the silver sheet is to mirror life so truly and so poignantly that its lessons are brought home to every heart with telling force.

Some pictures perform this function more creditably than others because every finished screen production is varyingly composed of four essential elements. They are:

## Story.

Treatment.
Cast.
Title.
In story selection, there are legitimate limits. Bad stories-that is, stories with unwholesome themes-may make money. But in the long run, they keep audiences out of theaters. Bad stories are bad business in the same way that notoriety is bad publicity.
Treatment is almost as important an ingredient as the story itself. In treatment, a producer can reflect his own personality just as surely as can the author in the printed work.

Treatment of a picture continues after the film reaches the exhibitor's hands. By projection, atmospheric prologues and


musical accompaniment the exhibitor also can assert his personality into a picture.

In the usual sense, however, treatment means the tone given a story by scenarist and director.

When the Ince organization bought screen rights to "Playing With Souls," they entrusted the adaptation to C. Gardner Sullivan, whose name for years has been a positive guarantee of a sure-fire audience picture.

To Ralph Ince, a young director with a fast-growing list of fine pictures to his credit, the script was handed. Then came the third step-choosing a cast.

Casting "Playing With Souls" was given more care than merely selecting available players. Each name in the troupe finally chosen had some special meaning which fitted it to the part.

Mary Astor was naturally the choice for a lovely Parisienne. Dark, petite, of a beauty sometimes described as spiritual, she was the ideal Margo Florian, Mat Dale's faithful sweetheart.

Jacqueline Logan, on the other hand, was as well suited to the very different type she was asked to portray. Vivacious Jacqueline, slim, quick, responsive, temperamentally was the perfect personality for the role of Bricotte, the Montmartre dancer.

Clive Brook, with his gift of poise, was the excellent foil for the youthful tempests
caused by one boy with two sweethearts. That boy, young Mat Dale, vigorous, high-tempered, tragic in lost pride, found his ideal characterization in "Buster" Collier.

Belle Bennett, as the finished production reveals, was a splendid selection for the difficult mother role.
These were the principals chosen for the cast. The next ingredient in screen drama -title-had already been provided. For when Countess de Chambrun named her realistic manuscript of family drama in rich, exotic Paris, she gave it a priceless box-office title, perhaps unwittingly.
"Playing With Souls!"
What current attraction offers a name more freighted with dramatic meaning?


## A BOX-OFFICE ANALYSIS of

SPECTACULAR FLLM

"Playing With Souls," the title as well as the picture, has a "punch." It is a moneymaking name. It "gets them in."

It is important to add that the name fits the story and it fits the picture. "Playing With Souls" is the theme and it is exactly what the parents in this intriguing tale did do. And the experiences that befell them and others comprise the exciting action.

The name of any picture, it is universally acknowledged, is a big determining factor in its success. But to prevent an utterly indiscriminate selection, the name must either fit the picture or else the picture be built around the name. The difference of a few letters may be the difference between profit and loss.

So "Playing With Souls" is a sincere
name. And under these auspicious circumstances, filming began. Then came another step in the Thomas H. Ince Corporation's production system.

This next step was exploitation-exploitation made right along with the picture. Press-books, publicity, releases to the daily press, stills and news to the fan periodicals - every item of the intricate sales plan was built on the Ince lot! An art department in the shadow of the stages was a part of this unique policy. And the product of this added organization becomes support for the exhibitor!

Thomas H. Ince Corporation-First National exploitation is made when and where the pictures are made. It is the thorough and accurate method of utilizing material that cannot be created afterward.

Yet every bit of this sales-aid is available afterward to the showhouse with "Playing With Souls" or any other Thomas H. Ince Corporation picture made for First National.

And so, when the film "Playing With Souls" is delivered to the exhibitor, he gets a great deal more than the celluloid with the imprint of the characters of the play thereon.
The film is necessary, it is true, to place the story before the eyes of his theater patrons. But with "Playing With Souls" you have also all the necessary pulling power to get those patrons into your
theater to see and enjoy a picture that will send them away talking about it, and in turn, sending their friends to see it.

You have a title that is wonderful for exploitation purposes, and in addition is the title of the successful novel from which the play was adapted.

You have a picture bearing the name of a successful producing organization with a long list of successes to its credit.

You have a cast that would be envied by any producer, names that have box office value in themselves.

You have a picture directed by a man of experience and judgment, who carefully studied each scene and each situation before "shooting."

You have a story adapted by the dean of scenarists, who has over two hundred screen successes to his credit.

You have, to back these up, First National's resources as a releasing organization, you have at hand exploitation suggestions, advertising hunches, press book material, photographs and cuts to use in advertising your picture.

With this material any exhibitor can cash in on "Playing With Souls" for it is a great picture, and one easily "sold" to the playgoer.


SHE scored an instantaneous hit in the "Follies." She laughed and danced her way to success in the New York revival of the famous "Floradora." Then she transferred her make-up box to the studios and won instant popularity in pictures.

Who? Jacqueline Logan, of course. This fascinating bit of humanity now has the greatest role of her career in "Playing With Souls." As "Bricotte" the flaming little dancer of the Paris cafes, Miss Logan proves herself a genuine artist.
"I am delighted to get such parts, at last," said Miss Logan. "I have been playing street waifs for so long that I welcome a chance to do some really important work.
"I want to dress up in laces and pearls and play 'real ladies.' I want to portray fiery little 'Bricottes' as I do in 'Playing With Souls.' I want a chance to be seen in varied roles, and to portray real life. That's why I'm in love with 'Bricotte' parts, and why I took a keen delight in 'Playing With Souls.'"

Miss Logan is a titian-haired girl, with finely cut features and a genuine ability to act.

Her first big part was in Rudyard Kipling's "The Light That Failed," which George Melford made for Famous-PlayersLasky. At once she was given leading roles in "Manhattan," "The House of Youth," "Dynamite Smith," and other worth-while pictures. She will also be remembered for her work in "Salomy Jane," "Burning Sands," "Java Head" and "North of 36 ."

Miss Logan is a native of Corsicana, Texas. She was educated in Colorado Springs, where she took a course of journalism and later tried newspaper reporting.
"I find that this work was a big help in the profession I chose later," Miss Logan declares. "It gave me an insight into human affairs, and into people's lives that comes to few young girls.
"A newspaper training is valuable to anyone, no matter what line of work they may pursue later. It is especially valuable to an actor or an actress."

## A NEW JACQUELINE

ACQUELINE LOGAN as a "darling of the Montmartre" supplies an alluring touch in scenes of the Dead Duck cafe in "Playing With Souls."

The vivacious Jacqueline is dressed in tights, a short fluffy skirt and long earrings.

Director Ralph Ince used especial care in approving the Montmartre costume, with the result that we see a Jacqueline Logan much different than the girl picture goers know so well.

## Jacqueline Logan's



Jacqueline Logan


THE camera here visualized dramatic moments in "Playing With Souls" as Jacqueline Logan vividly portrays the vivacious Bricotte of the Paris cafes. Miss Logan has the greatest role of her screen career in this First National photoplay by the Thomas H. Ince Corporation. She battles furiously for her Boy in the Apache dive; she flirts outrageously with the wealthy American when she sees his "roll." Through it all is the touch of genius, for only a gifted actress could portray this role as does Miss Logan.

LITTLE BRICOTTE was a darling of the Montmartre. She was one of the great horde of girls who live by their wits in the heart of the French capital.

Into her gay life came a Boy, just from school. He had money, which was Bricotte's life blood. And Bricotte was very prosperous while she kept the Boy on her string.

The Boy's father was divorced from his mother. He had not seen either for years. The father was introduced to the Boy as a friend of his father's. For the Boy hated the memory of his cold-hearted parent he had known when a child.
The father learned of the Boy's infatuation for Bricotte. He determined to end it by showing the girl to the Boy in her true light. He arranged a "party" with Bricotte, and into the gay scene walked the Boy to see his "girl" perched on his "father's friend's" lap, both apparently very sadly intoxicated.
This is but one of the dramatic scenes in "Playing With Souls," in which charming Jacqueline Logan has her greatest role, that of Bricotte.

As the Boy, played by Buster Collier, turns on his father, Clive Brook, and the girl, there ensues a stormy and dramatic sequence, in which the lad denounces both, throws the girl to the floor and stamps from the room.

Bricotte, stunned, looks up from her position on the rug and realizes she is going to lose them both.

In this colorful role Jacqueline Logan does the finest work of her screen career. She is the piquant, pouting, entrancing little devil of the Boulevards, and she fairly lives the part.

All the tense, emotional scenes are fairly dominated by this slight girl, whose work is convincing and sincere.

Jacqueline Logan is destined for great things in her screen career, judging from her portrayal of the role of Bricotte in "Playing With Souls."

## PLAYING WITH SOULS

BRICOTTE (Jacqueline Logan), who finds a profitable playmate in MATHEW DALE, JR. (Buster Collier), who is neglected by MATHEW DALE (Clive Brook), his father and AMY DALE (Belle Bennett), his mother. AMY flirts with MATHEW, her son, not knowing who he is, only to be confronted by MATHEW, SR., her husband.

Young MATHEW, whose parents have been Playing With Souls, determines to go to the devil rapidly, but is saved from death by his father and from His Satanic Majesty by beautiful MARGO (Mary Astor), who becomes his wife.


THE UNIVERSAL popularity of "Christine of the Hungry Heart" is about to be challenged. This successful photodrama made for First National by The Thomas H. Ince Corporation, provides the finest role of her career for beautiful Florence Vidor. With such sterling players as Clive Brook, the English artist, Ian Keith, New York stage favorite, Warner Baxter and Walter Hiers in the cast, "Christine" is fast attaining a popularity equalled by few, if any, current pictures.

Three outstanding features are mentioned by practically all the critics in connection with "Christine." One is the magnificent portrayal of the title role by Florence Vidor, which is acclaimed her best performance for the screen. Miss Vidor is universally praised for her intelligent and restrained rendition of this difficult part. Another is the dignity and poise of Clive Brook, the English artist who makes his first American appearance in this film. And the third is the wonderful work of little Dorothy Brock, a remarkable child actress.

And right on the heels of "Christine" come two more Thomas H. Ince Corpora-tion-First Nationals that threaten to endanger even the prestige of this great photodrama. They are "Enticement," and "Playing With Souls."

## Phristive' Beaten by (PlayindWithSouls.



Top, Florence Vidor and Dorothy Brock; center, Ian Keith, Mary Astor and Clive Brook; below, Belle Bennett

Truly this is a "Big Three" offering of First National-three great pictures from the same producing organization in a single season and every one an assured box office success.
"Enticement" is the next ready for release. It is the picturization of Clive Arden's sensational novel of the same name, and in the cast are Mary Astor, Clive Brook and Ian Keith. A grand "Number Two" in this series of notable picture ${ }^{-}$

The last and in many ways the greatest, is "Playing With Souls." Here is the ultimate in drama, directed with skill by Ralph Ince and faultlessly played by Jacqueline Logan, Mary Astor, Belle Bennett, Clive Brook, Buster Collier and a host of others. A picture that provides a fitting climax to a series of splendid photodramas -with nothing lacking to make it a business getter everywhere.

The First National organization, distributers of "Leader Pictures" are justly proud of these three pictures, all different, yet all carrying audience appeal and having the great exploitation possibilities that have made Thomas H. Ince Corporation pictures famous in the past.

Here is the ticket. You can play it "straight, place or show" and cash in:
"CHRISTINE OF THE HUNGRY HEART."
"ENTICEMENT."
"PLAYING WITH SOULS."



CULVER CITY, home of the Thomas H. Ince Studios, is ten miles from downtown Los Angeles, yet it has its traffic problems. On a recent Sunday, with no special attraction to bring them out, 48,564 automobiles passed the studios, by actual count of traffic experts.

## MAKING IT SNAPPY

Prior to starting work in "Playing With Souls," Clive Brook, the dignified English actor, had never met Jacqueline Logan. They were introduced on the set by Director Ralph Ince.

Five minutes later, in front of a grinding camera, Jacqueline, in a short, daring gown, was sitting on Brook's lap, tickling his ear with a wine glass.

All the pretty girls are not in the movies. And all the pretty girls in the movies are not acting before the camera.

These are the discoveries of Barbara Bedford, the pretty screen artist.
"It is amazing the number of pretty girls who are employed in the studios who are not in pictures and never had any desire to become players, at least to all appearances," she says.
"I wonder if they are not often a little envious of the fame of the less-beautiful actresses, and these actresses are not a little envious of the other girls' good looks.
"Life's a funny proposition, anyway."

Four tough-looking thugs entered a bank on the main street of Culver City. They were hardlooking specimens, every one, and each packed a "gat" as big as a young cannon.
The bank clerks went calmly about their business. The burglar alarm did not ring. There was no panic among the customers.
The four "thugs" were working in the Apache cabaret scenes in "Playing With Souls," and each and every one of them had an account in the aforesaid bank.
Only in Movieland could such a crowd enter a bank without causing a wild alarm.

There is no rest for successful picture players. Mary Astor, for instance, has been working without a vacation for months. She finished her work in the Thomas H. Ince Corporation's new picture "Enticement," in Canada, got back in Los Angeles after a six thousand mile trip to location and went to work the same afternoon her train arrived, in "Playing With Souls," another Ince picture.
Mary is still waiting for her vacation.

Buster Collier is tall and slight of build, in spite of the nickname that has stuck to him since his birth.

For he got that name "Buster" the day he was born. The new Collier baby weighed twelve and a half pounds that very day, which led the doctor to remark:
"What a Buster!"
So it's been Buster ever since.

Carmen DeBlasco, the only extra girl in the movies with a maid, was Jacqueline Logan's adversary in the thrilling cafe fight in "Playing With Souls."

Carmen is a member of an aristocratic military family of Mexico, but turned her back on society and shocked her relatives and friends by her remarkable resolve to start a studio career. She drives to work in a taxicab and although she ruled over a household of eight servants in her own home, she seems to enjoy the rollicking life of an extra girl in the movies.

More than sixty homesick French lads, who are touring the world as cadets on the French merchant marine liner Jacques Cartier, were made happy on the Thomas H. Ince lot recently. The lads, lost in a strange country among people who speak a strange tongue, were fairly carried back to Paris during their visit to the studio.

For "Playing With Souls" was in production there, and every set is a Parisian set. Even the river Seine was wandering under a typically French bridge, and to make the day perfect, Max Constant, French director of the picture, made a speech to the boys in their own tongue and told them all about it.
It was a happy bunch of French lads that went gaily back to their ship, after a glimpse of "Paris" in a strange land.

## The SILVER SHEET

George H. Thomas Syl MacDowell Editors

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#### Abstract

What would the transcontinental railroads do without Jacqueline Logan. Having finished her work for "Playing With Souls" at the Thomas H. Ince Studio she flits away to New York for a part, then will flit back again.

Jacqueline has made so many trips across the country she knows every porter by his first name, and it isn't "George," either.


Soft music is used while pictures are shot on the Ince lot. Violin and portable organ are used. These are very effective at times, but not when the huge heaters, that warm up the stages on cool mornings, are going full blast. For these heaters make a roar like Niagara, and reduce the volumn of tone from the two instruments to a whisper.
"In fact, we can't tell whether the players are emoting to 'Apache de l'Amour' or the roar of the heater,", says Chief Musician Lee Zahler.

## ATTENTION, LONGHAIRS!

Summer and winter (such as they have in California) sees John Griffith Wray, manager of productions at the Thomas H. Ince Studios, hatless.

Wray hasn't owned a hat for more than five years. His hair is long and black and luxurious.

He claims that anyone can avoid baldness by avoiding hats.

Motion picture companies can get almost any sort of a location they want, even the homes of multi-millionaires. But they cannot use cathedrals.

For that reason cathedrals must be built, and the building of them is one of the biggest expenses around a picture lot.

An immense cathedral was built on the Thomas H. Ince lot for "Playing With Souls." It was more than two hundred feet from the camera to the altar. The expense of such a set, for a few feet, showing a wedding, is the thing that makes picture producers lose sleep at nights.

## on Mascon

While America is theoretically dry, Americans are showing a peculiar interest in drinking from a theatrical standpoint. And it is absolutely necessary, in pictures, that drinks be true to color and have other peculiarities of the "real thing."

Raiph Ince, director of "Playing With Souls," is authority for these statements.
"Mixing drinks is still really a fine art, in pictures," said Mr. Ince. "While in the old days drinks were mixed for potency, or to please the palate, now we mix them for the best photographic results."
"And when we serve cocktails, for instance, they must look like cocktails, and not like something else, for the modern audience still knows what a cocktail looks like.
"My property men must be experts at mixing gingerale and soda pop of various hues to resemble whisky, ale and wines.
"We use sparkling mineral water to 'double' champagne because it shows a convincing 'bead.' Near beer is used for its distant relative of the old-time breweries. Coffee makes fine brandy, too.
"But I am convinced," the director concluded, "that the time is coming when film scenes of drinking will be as rare as snuff-taking which was the favorite nineteenth century method of 'getting a kick out of life'."

Leaningotove The Lady


Constance Talmadge and 'Tony Moreno in a scene from "Learning to Love"

Norma Talmadge and Wallace MacDonald in Norma's New Photodrama "The Lady"

LEARNING to Love." That's Constance Talmadge's latest. Kisses and laughs. A million of each. That's "Learning to Love," also produced by Mr. Schenck. "Learning to Love," is the story of a Flapper-Vamp girl. A loving baby mama, a broken-hearted would-be divorcee who was just pestered to death with four fighting fiancees and an iceberg bridegroom.

Constance Talmadge is at her funniest in "Learning to Love," a real laughing comedy.

Her most severe critics about the studio agree that in this Constance has done the best work of her career in this picture, and has established herself as a comedienne of the first rank. Built for laughing purposes, "Learning to Love" keeps you laughing from start to finish and clever Constance does not miss a single opportunity to take every advantage of each comedy situation.
Constance Talmadge has a tailor-made vehicle in "Learning to Love." It fits her like the proverbial glove.

And in "Learning to Love" she has a comedy written by those who first brought her to fame-John Emerson and Anita Loos and who are responsible for her greatest pictures.
Her screen sweetheart and leading man is Antonio Moreno, the ideal of all feminine fans. There also is Bobby Harron. And Ray Hallor. Also Byron Munson and Alf Goulding. A real cast of lovers.

REMEMBER "Smiling Through" and "Secrets"? Well, Norma Talmadge in "The Lady" excels both of them by far. In the opinion of Producer Joseph M. Schenck "The Lady" is the best photoplay he has ever made. And in this opinion he has the support of every First National official who has seen it.

The same combination which prepared "Secrets" for the screen also made "The Lady." Frank Borzage was the director-and incidentally the photoplay is a Frank Borzage Production-and the script was written by Frances Marion.
"The Lady" was a great stage play, written by Martin Brown and produced by Al Woods with Mary Nash as the star.

But, greatest of all the factors contributing toward the making of this perfect photoplay, is the fact that Norma Talmadge is the star.
"The Lady," in brief, is the story of a lily which grew to the full flower of its beauty amid the muck and mire and yet remained unsullied, undefiled. Norma is seen first as a pretty London theatrical leader, surrounded by temptation on every hand. Even to the end, regardless of the temptations and degrading surroundings into which she is thrown, Polly Roll, whom Norma portrays, remains the lady to all who knew her.
"The Lady" and "Learning to Love"-two real box office successes and released through First National!

## First National Pictures are Winners



FTROM THE lofty peaks of the Canadian Rockies, amid the most beautiful scenery in America, come scenes for the marvelous screen drama "Enticement," soon to be released by First National.

Some of the most entrancing sequences in this mighty epic of a woman's loves were taken on the shores of Lake Louise, in Alberta. The "Enticement" company traveled six thousand miles, and worked amid ice and snow in zero weather to provide the atmospheric "punch" for the Alps scenes.
The lot of the players was no easy one. They arose long before daylight, traveled forty miles in automobiles, then packed in by dog sled six miles beyond the end of the last road to get into virgin country, never before photographed for the screen.
For weeks they worked to get proper lighting and scenic effects. The avalanche scenes, taken at great danger to life and limb, required days of preparation.

But the efforts were well worth while, for the company came out of Canada with some marvelous film, both from scenic and dramatic standpoints. And the photodrama, one of the finest the Thomas H. Ince Corporation has ever delivered to First National, gives promise of being one of the big outstanding pictures of the new year.
"Enticement" is from the novel of the same name by Clive Arden, the noted English writer who wrote "Sinners in Heaven." It is the story of a girl's innocent friendship for a married man, and of the consequences later, when she was happily married to another man.


Mary Astor is charming as the heroine of the story. Miss Astor has never done better work on the screen than as the storm-tossed Leonore, who seeks to retain her husband's love and at the same time cherish the friendship for the opera singer that grew out of their association during the world war.

Clive Brook gives a fine performance as the husband, and Ian Keith is marvelous as the singer. George Archainbaud directed "Enticement" with a fine sense of dramatic values.
"Enticement" looks like one of the big box office attractions of the season. Certainly it is a story of universal appeat, and played by artists. And the beautiful Canadian "shots" add greatly to its value as an audience picture.

SNOW STUFF-Some of the most entrancing winter scenes ever recorded by the camera are seen in "Enticement." On the opposite page Mary Astor and Ian Keith are seen amid the beautiful Canadian Rockies. Above is the avalanche scene, where they are trapped by a mass of falling snow and rocks. These scenes were taken at and near Lake Louise, in the most beautiful part of the Canadian Rockies, in zero weather and under conditions anything but comfortable.

For weeks the company worked from morning until night, to get the atmosphere of Switzerland into "Enticement."




A THOMAS H. INCI CORPORATION PRODUCTION for Pirst (7) National


